PBPG 957 Spring 2018 Yandell QTL Mapping in Experimental Populations

Institution Name: University of Wisconsin-Madison Course Subject, Number and Title: AGRONOMY/GENETICS/HORT 957 Seminar-Plant Breeding (Seminar) Credits (#): 1 Canvas Course URL: <u>https://canvas.wisc.edu/courses/81468</u> (probably not used) Course Designations and Attributes: NA Meeting Time and Location: Friday 3:30-4:30pm Moore/PISci 351 Instructional Mode: face-to-face Specify how Credit Hours are met by the Course: One hour per week contact plus two hours outside preparing for in-class presentation. Instructor Title and Name: Professor <u>Brian Yandell</u> & Professor <u>Karl Broman</u> Instructor Availability: Yandell and Broman are available by appointment or email Instructor Email/Preferred Contact: <u>brian.yandell@wisc.edu</u>, kbroman@biostat.wisc.edu Teaching Assistant: NA

Course Description: The overarching topic for this semester is **QTL Mapping in Experimental Populations.** Students either sign up for a topic-based or research presentations. We particularly encourage those with QTL mapping as part of their research to consider focusing on some aspect of QTL analysis. Here is a list of suggested topics, roughly in the order that makes sense for presentation (although we will likely introduce R/qtl early):

Requisites: For graduate students in the Plant Breeding & Plant Genetics PhD Program.

Course Learning Outcomes

• Knowledge and Skills

- Articulates research problems, potentials, and limits with respect to knowledge within the field of plant breeding and plant genetics.
- Formulates ideas, concepts, designs, and/or techniques beyond the current boundaries of knowledge within the field of plant breeding and plant genetics.
- Creates research that makes a substantive contribution.
- Demonstrates breadth within their learning experiences.
- Advances contributions of the field of plant breeding and plant genetics to society.
- Communicates complex ideas in a clear and understandable manner.

Professional Conduct

• Fosters ethical and professional conduct.

Grading

Grading is based on attendance (10%), participation in discussion (20%) and quality of presentation and accompanying materials (70%).

Suggested topics

This seminar will work best if concepts are illustrated and grounded with data analysis and graphics. Sample data sets are indicated below;

- What is QTL mapping?
 - relation of genotype to phenotype across genome
 - genome scans
- How can we use R/qtl tools for QTL mapping?
 - linkage map diagnostics
 - model selection for multiple QTLs
 - estimating genetic effects and heritability
 - covariates and design considerations
- QTL mapping for multiparent experimental populations
 - What are the challenges and opportunities with?
 - How does R/qtl2 scale up to these larger crosses?
- Tour of available datasets (see Sample Datasets below)
- Tour of available packages
 - <u>R/qtl</u>: see brief or shorter tour under <u>Tutorials</u>
 - R/qtl2: see User Guide and Differences between R/qtl & R/qtl2
 - Kyazma/MapQTL/JoinMap
 - GeneNetwork & GeneNetwork2

Sample Datasets

- listeria sample dataset in R/qtl package
- grav2 & iron sample datasets in R/qtl2geno package
- DO mouse data (Dan Gatti)
- Example data in R/qtl2data
 - B6BTBR F2
 - DO from Gatti and Recla
 - Gough x WSB F2
- other data?

Selected References

- Broman KW (2001) <u>Review of statistical methods for QTL mapping in experimental crosses.</u> Lab animal 30: 44-52.
- Broman & Sen (2009) <u>A Guide to QTL Mapping with R/qtl</u>
- Collard BCY, Jahufer MZZ, Brouwer JB, Pang ECK (2005) An introduction to markers, quantitative trait loci (QTL) mapping and marker-assisted selection for crop improvement: The basic concepts. Euphytica 142: 169-196.
 [doi:10.1007/s10681-005-1681-5]
- Doerge RW, Zeng ZB, Weir BS (1997) Statistical issues in the search for genes affecting quantitative traits in experimental populations. Statistical Science 12: 195-219.
 [doi:10.1214/ss/1030037909]
- more QTL references
 - Overview: Tanksley (1993); Lander, Schork (1994); Basten, Weir, Zeng (1995); Paterson (1995); Doerge, Zeng, Weir (1997); Kearsey, Farquhar (1998); Broman (2001); Mackay (2001a,b); Mauricio (2001); Asíns (2002); Boake et al. (2002); Phillips, Belknap (2002); Hackett (2003); FAO (2004); Collard et al. (2005); Swertz, Jansen (2007); Stein (2008); Xu, Crouch (2008)

From QTL to Gene: Guo, Lange (2000); Nadeau, Frankel (2000); Flint, Mott (2001); Glazier, Nadeau, Aitman (2002); Korstanje, Paigen (2002); Botstein, Risch (2003); Page et al. (2003); Rebbeck, Spitz, Wu (2004); Barendse (2005); Darvasi (2005); Hirschorn, Daly (2005); Petretto, Liu, Aitman (2007); Verdugo et al. (2010)

The following are mostly about multiparental families

- Magic Web talk (Broman 2013, MAGIC Workshop, Cambridge)
- Genetics.org Multiparental Populations site
 - McIntyre & de Koning (2012) <u>Facilitating Discovery: The Role of Society Journals in</u> <u>Collaborative Science</u>. Genetics 190: 285-286.
- <u>mouse</u>:
 - The Diversity Outbred mouse population (Mamm Genome 2012)
 - <u>High-resolution genetic mapping using the Mouse Diversity outbred population (Genetics</u> 2012)
 - Quantitative trait locus mapping methods for diversity outbred mice (G3 2014)
- plants:
 - Bandillo N et al. (2013) <u>Multi-parent advanced generation inter-cross (MAGIC)</u> populations in rice: progress and potential for genetics research and breeding. Rice 6: 11.
 - Cavanagh C et al. (2008) <u>From mutations to MAGIC: resources for gene discovery</u>, <u>validation and delivery in crop plants</u>. Curr Opin Plant Biol. 2008 Apr;11(2):215-21.
 - Cockram J et al. (2015) <u>Fine-Mapping the Wheat Snn1 Locus Conferring Sensitivity to</u> the <u>Parastagonospora nodorum Necrotrophic Effector SnTox1 Using an Eight Founder</u> <u>Multiparent Advanced Generation Inter-Cross Population</u>. G3 5: 2257-2266.
 - Higgins RH et al. (2014) <u>Multiparental Populations Multiparental Mapping of Plant Height</u> <u>and Flowering Time QTL in Partially Isogenic Sorghum Families</u>. G3 4: 1593-1602.
 - Huang BE et al. (2012) <u>A multiparent advanced generation inter-cross population for genetic analysis in wheat</u>. Plant Biotechnol J 10: 826-39.
 - Kover PX et al. (2009) A Multiparent Advanced Generation Inter-Cross to Fine-Map Quantitative Traits in Arabidopsis thaliana. PLoS Genet 5: e1000551. (<u>NASC Collection</u>)
 - Liu Z, Garcia A, McMullen MD, Flint-Garcia SA (2016) <u>Genetic Analysis of Kernel Traits</u> in <u>Maize-Teosinte Introgression Populations</u>. G3 6: 2523-2530.
 - Prado SA, López CG, Senior ML, Borrás L (2014) <u>Multiparental Populations The Genetic</u> <u>Architecture of Maize (*Zea mays* L.) Kernel Weight Determination</u>. G3 4: 1611-1621.
 - Schmutzer T et al. (2015) <u>Species-wide genome sequence and nucleotide</u> polymorphisms from the model allopolyploid plant Brassica napus. Scientific Data 2: 150072.
 - Würschum T et al. (2014) <u>Multiparental Populations Adult Plant Development in Triticale</u> (<u>× Triticosecale Wittmack</u>) Is Controlled by Dynamic Genetic Patterns of Regulation. G3 4: 1585-1591.