#### Big jobs/simulations Tools for Reproducible Research

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- Write a test or two
- Commit it to a git repository

#### So what's the big deal?

- ► You don't want knitr running for a year.
- ► You don't want to re-run things if you don't have to.

#### Unix basics

nice +19 R CMD BATCH input.R output.txt & fg ctrl-Z bg ps ux top kill kill -9

pkill

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- Wikipedia

In computer science, thrashing occurs when a computer's virtual memory subsystem is in a constant state of paging, rapidly exchanging data in memory for data on disk, to the exclusion of most application-level processing.

Wikipedia

# Biggish jobs in knitr

- ► Manual caching
- ► Built-in cache=TRUE
- Split the work and write a Makefile

## Manual caching

```
```{r a_code_chunk}
file <- "cache/myfile.RData"
if(file.exists(file)) {
    load(file)
} else{
    ....
    save(object1, object2, object3, file=file)
}</pre>
```

#### Chunk references

# A cache gone bad



## Knitr's cache system

```
```{r chunk_name, cache=TRUE}
load("a_big_file.RData")
med <- apply(object, 2, median, na.rm=TRUE)
```</pre>
```

- Chunk is re-run if edited.
- Otherwise, objects from previous run are loaded.
- Don't cache things with side effects

e.g., options(), par()

## Cache dependencies

#### Manual dependencies

```
```{r chunkA, cache=TRUE}
Sys.sleep(2)
x <- 5
```{r chunkB, cache=TRUE, dependson="chunkA"}
Sys.sleep(2)
y <- x + 1
```{r chunkC, cache=TRUE, dependson="chunkB"}
Sys.sleep(2)
z <- y + 1
```</pre>
```

## Cache dependencies

Automatic dependencies

```
```{r setup, include=FALSE}
opts_chunk$set(autodep = TRUE)
dep_auto()
```
```

# Parallel computing

If your computer has multiple processors, use library(parallel) to make use of them.

- detectCores()
- RNGkind("L'Ecuyer-CMRG") and mclapply (Unix/Mac)
- makeCluster, clustersetRNGStream, clusterApply, and stopCluster (Windows)

# Systems for distributed computing

- HTCondor and the UW-Madison CHTC
- Other condor-like systems
- ► "By hand"
  - e.g., perl script + template R script

## Simulations

- Computer simulations require RNG seeds (.Random.seed in R).
- Multiple parallel jobs need different seeds.
- Don't rely on the current seed, or on having it generated from the clock.
- Use something like set.seed(91820205 + i)
- An alternative is create a big batch of simulated data sets in advance.

# Save everything

- RNG seeds
- ► input
- output
- version numbers, with sessionInfo()
- raw results
- script to combine results
- combined results
- ► ReadMe describing the point

## One Makefile to rule them all

- Separate directory for each batch of big computations.
- Makefile that controls the combination of the results (and everything else).
- KnitR-based documents for the analysis/use of those results.

## Potential problems

- Forgetting save() in your distributed jobs
- ► A bug in the save() command
- make clobbers some important results
  - Scripts should refuse to overwrite output files

# Summary

- ► Careful organization and modularization.
- ► Save everything.
- Document everything.
- ► Learn the basic skills for distributed computing.